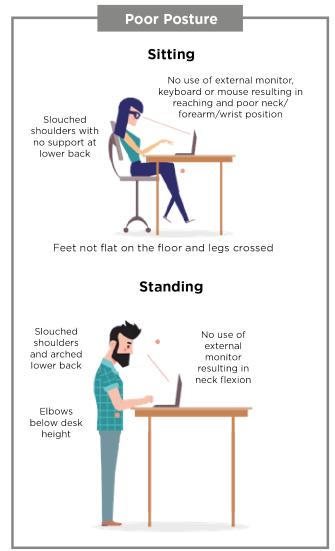
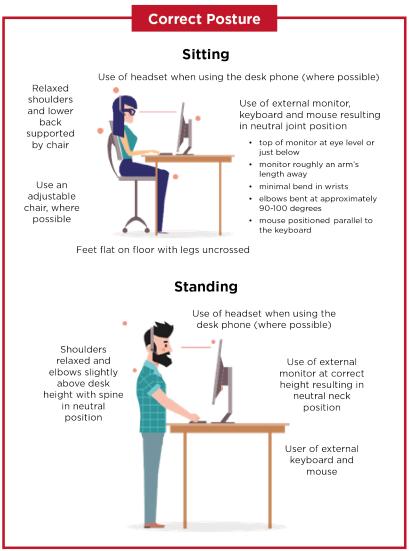
How do I set up a workstation at home?

When working from home, the model WHS laws still apply. Just as in the office, your workstation must be set up in a way that is safe, comfortable and easy to use.

A workstation that is set up incorrectly can create poor postures leading to musculoskeletal injury and eye strain. The length of time that you sit in these postures also adds to the risk for injury and health problems associated with long periods of sitting.

What you need to do to set up a safe workstation depends on the work you do, your environment and your individual needs. You have a duty to take care for your own health and safety while working from home and must follow any reasonable policies or directions your employer gives you about setting up your home-based workstation. You should also refer to any relevant advice from the WHS regulator in your state or territory.









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When setting up your workstation, you should consider the following elements, taking into consideration your duties, tasks and activities:

Your chair			your keyboard and mouse should be on the same level, directly in front of you, and
	use an adjustable desk chair, where possible		positioned at least 10 to 15 cms away from the edge of the work surface to allow for good forearm support when operating the computer
	needs to allow you to have your elbows level to the height of the work surface with your shoulders and forearms relaxed onto the work surface when working on the computer		
			your mouse should be positioned parallel to the keyboard and keep both arms close to your body to avoid neck and shoulder strain.
	if you cannot reach the floor, use a foot rest for support		
	should provide back support including your lower back curve.	Li	ghting
Tł	ne work surface		have adequate lighting and position your screen sideways to windows to avoid eye strain and fatigue
	should be flat and large enough to fit all the items you require		consider how the lighting changes throughout the day and any glare on your computer screen using blinds.
	should be at a height that allows sufficient thigh clearance.		
		Access to your workstation	
YC	our computer screen/s		walkways to and from your workstation
	should be placed in front of you or position yourself between them if you are working off two screens equally	_	should be clear and free from trip hazards, such as spills and cords.
	the top of your screen should be at eye level	El	ectrical hazards
	or just below - you should not need to arch your neck or dip your chin while looking at the screen		you should ensure electrical equipment is safe to use, for example, check that cords and plugs are not damaged, and do not overload power points.
	your screen should be approximately one arm length away from you		
	where your screen is positioned will also be determined by your eye wear and the size of your screens.	Ed	quipment
			keep equipment safe, well maintained and in good order
Yo	ur keyboard and mouse		consider in-home safety (e.g. maintaining electrical equipment and installing and
	if using a laptop, raise your laptop so that the top of the monitor is at eye level to ensure you are able to hold your head and shoulders in a comfortable position (you should not be slouched or looking down) and use a		maintaining smoke alarms)
			report any faulty or broken furniture or equipment to your supervisor.



separate keyboard and mouse



How do I set up a workstation at home?

You should ensure you regularly stretch and move to avoid injury from long periods at your workstation. Here are some quick stretches that can easily be done through your working day. Remember, you have a duty to take care for your own health and safety while working from home. If you have concerns about the safety of your home workstation set up, you should talk to your HSR and employer. Your employer will be able to assist you in managing any health and safety risks that arise out of your workstation set up.

Don't think you have time during work? These moves are fast and get the job done.



Leg Stretches

Why: To stretch the large muscle groups of the legs.

Step 1: To stretch the quads, stand on one leg with your knees touching. Grab your left foot and pull towards your backside. Remember to stand upright. Hold for 20-30 seconds then repeat on the right leg.

Step 2: To stretch the hamstrings, stand with the left leg outstretched in front of the other. Bend slowly forward, placing your weight through the bent leg. Keep your left foot pointed upwards. Hold for 20-30 seconds then repeat on the right leg.



Back Stretches

Why: To keep your back and glutes flexible

Step 1: With your hands on your hips, arch backwards. Hold for 10 seconds and repeat 5 times.

Step 2: Bring your knee up towards your body and give it a big hug. Hold for 10 seconds and repeat twice on each side.



Shoulder & Neck Stretches

Why: To stretch out your chest, shoulders and neck

Step 1: Place your left palm against the wall and turn your body away from it. Hold for 20-30 seconds and then repeat on the right arm.

Step 2: Place your left arm behind you and your right arm on the side of your head. Pull gently down with the right arm until you feel a stretch down the side of your neck. Hold for 20-30 seconds and then repeat on the opposite side.



